



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

GERMANY—Cholera at Kalthoff, West Prussia.

The American consul at Stettin, Germany, reported to the Department of State September 14:

Six deaths from cholera and 4 serious additional cases at Kalthoff, suburb of Marienburg. One hundred persons are quarantined.

HAWAII.

Last case of human plague at Honolulu occurred July 12, 1910.

The last plague-infected rat was found at Aiea, 9 miles from Honolulu, April 12, 1910.

At Hilo the last case of human plague occurred March 23, 1910.

The last plague-infected rat was found at Piihuona, 4 miles from Hilo, April 9, 1910.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Ramus reports, August 22:

HONOLULU—Plague-prevention Work.

Week ended August 20, 1910.

Total rats and mongoose taken	858
Rats trapped	827
Mongoose trapped	21
Rats found dead	0
Rats shot from trees	10
Examined bacteriologically	733
Plague rats	0
Classification of rats trapped:	
<i>Mus alexandrinus</i>	84
<i>Mus musculus</i>	411
<i>Mus norvegicus</i>	72
<i>Mus rattus</i>	260
Classification of rats shot from trees:	
<i>Mus alexandrinus</i>	3
<i>Mus rattus</i>	7
Average number of traps set daily	1,738

INDIA.**BOMBAY—Health Conditions.**

Consul Dennison reports, August 9:

Week ended August 9. The public health conditions of Bombay have undergone practically no change since last week's report. The relief which followed the break up of the long period of hot, dry weather continues, and just at present the city is suffering to some extent from an excess of generous rainfall.

In the 7 days ended August 9 the total mortality in Bombay was 705 as against 658 in the previous week. The five-year average is 671, but in the corresponding week of last year only 582 deaths were recorded.

Plague accounted for 36 deaths, against 38 in the previous week, 27 in the corresponding week of 1909, and a mean for the past five years of 33. Smallpox deaths have fallen to 2, but there was a small number of fresh attacks. Cholera has completely disappeared and the corrected death rate is 37.49.